

LAW AND ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE

INTRODUCTION

The subject develops knowledge of our decentralized State and its various administrations, whether regional (State, autonomous and local) or functional (institutional and corporate). On the basis of the rule of law (the principle of legality), each administration that serves the State carries out its activities according to a procedure that must be known. Mainly, there are three branches to be delineated: regulatory activity, administrative in the strict and factual sense; discretionary and regulated activity; and, finally, restricted, encumbered, declaratory or favourable activities. More specifically, in this field the aim is to focus explanations, bearing in mind the competencies to be acquired by the student, on development, benefit, or public service activities – distinguishing each form of management – and, within the latter, the very specific characteristics of social security.

COMPETENCIES

- Ability to support persons so that they are able to express their needs, perspectives and circumstances.
- Defend persons, families, groups, organizations and communities and act on their behalf if the situation so requires.
- Prepare and participate in decision-making meetings with the aim of better defending the interests of persons, families, groups, organizations and communities.

CONTENT

- 1. Social and democratic rule-of-law State.
- 2. Autonomous State: system of sources and general principles of organization.
- 3. The executive power and administration. Central State administration. Administration of Autonomous Communities. Administration of Local Entities.
- 4. The administrative act. The administrative procedure. Guarantees, appeals and other review procedures against administrative acts. Types of administrative action (with particular focus on the acts of development and provision of public services).
- 5. Social Security: structure and protective action. Common rules. General regime: provisions and services. Special regimes.
- 6. The judicial power: principles, structure, organization and operation.